

ONDON GAZETTE EXTRAORDINARY.

St James's, January 9. 1781.

THIS day arrived Lieutenant Waugh, of the Invalids, at the Earl of Hillsborough's office, with letters from Lieutenant Governor Irving, of Guernsey, inclosing a letter to him from Lieutenant Governor Corbet, of the island of Jersey, dated Jersey, January 6. 1781, of which the following is an extract:

I AM now to acquaint you, That the French landed this morning, about two o'clock, between two posts, so distant, that the guards did not perceive them. They marched across the roads, and were in the market-place by six this morning. I was taken prisoner about seven; but I was fortunately released by the very brave and steady behaviour of the troops and militia; and the Commandant then informed me, that they surrendered prisoners of war: They were all taken, killed, or wounded. Poor Major Pieron, exerting himself at the head of a brave troop of followers, at the close of this affair, was unfortunately killed.

P. 8. We have about 500 prisoners. Some hundreds are killed, and about 100 wounded. The rest left their arms, and are fled into the country; but I hope to have them all to-morrow.

Our loss may be 50 killed, and perhaps half that number wounded.

My friend Mulcaster has, as usual, exerted himself. I am not hurt; but two shots through my hat.

I shall transmit particulars to-morrow morning to England; but send this if you can.

From the London Gazette, Jan. 9.

Admiralty-Office, January 9. 1781.

Copy of a letter from the Honourable Captain Keith Elphinstone, of the Warwick, to Mr Stephens, dated at Spithead the 7th instant.

SIR,
I HAVE the honour to inform the Board of the arrival of his Majesty's ship under my command, and of my having cruised, in company with the Edgar and Maidstone, on the station pointed out by my orders; also that on the 7th instant, having parted company from the above ships, I fell in with, engaged, and took a two-deck ship under Dutch colours (after having admittid her Commander to surrender without effect). She is the Rotterdam, belonging to the States General, of 50 guns and 300 men, commanded by Myneher Volgeren, eleven days from Holland, bound to the West Indies; they had been twice attacked before this period; I had the good fortune to lose no men; the sails, masts, and rigging are cut to pieces. I have great satisfaction in acknowledging the obligation I am under to the officers of each class.

The ship's company, notwithstanding their being young in service, and reduced in number by the several Dutch vessels we had manned and sent into port, conducted themselves with becoming spirit and activity.

I am, &c.

G. K. ELPHINSTONE.

Extract of a letter from Lord Mulgrave, Captain of the Courageux, to Mr Stephens, dated Spithead, 8th instant.

I ARRIVED here this morning with La Minerve, French frigate of 32 guns and 316 men, taken by the Courageux, in company with the Valiant, on the 4th of this month, about three in the afternoon, Uthant bearing east, distant 14 leagues. She had sailed from Brest on the 3d, with La Fine, L'Aligret, and La Diligente, to cruise for a fortnight off Scilly. The Chevalier de Grimouard, who commanded her, did not strike till she had been for about an hour under the fire of our broadside, within musket shot. From the ship being so near each other, the few shot fired by the frigate in the course of that time necessarily took place, by which the Courageux had ten men killed and seven wounded. The fore-mast, mizen-mast, and bowsprit, are damaged. On board La Minerve, Mons. Andrieu, one of the Lieutenants, and 49 men, were killed, and 23 wounded, amongst whom it is with great concern that I mention the Chevalier Grimouard and his nephew Mons. Nolay, both I fear very dangerously. All her masts were rendered unseervable, and the hull much damaged. The Valiant parted from us in chase of one of the other frigates. The dislodged situation of the prize made it absolutely necessary to tow her into port.

St James's, January 9.

The King has been pleased to approve and confirm the nomination and appointment of John Macpherson, Esq; to be one of the Counsellors of the Governor-General and Council of the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal, in the room of Richard Barwell, Esq;

War Office, January 6. 1781.

2d Regiment of dragoons, Carrer Tompion, Gent. is appointed to be Cornet, vice G. Wingfield Wilson.

10th Regiment of dragoons, Harry Mount, Gent. to be Cornet, vice Charles Howard Bulkeley.

5th Regiment of foot, Quarter-master Sergeant George Hill, of the Northumberland militia, to be Adjutant, vice William Pratt.

14th Regiment of foot, Hewley John Saines, Gent. to be Ensign, vice —— Napier.

49th Regiment of foot, Edward Blewett, Gent. to be Ensign, vice William Charles Cleland.

55th Regiment of foot, Ensign John Castell to be Lieutenant, vice Thomas Stelfox. William St George Quin, Gent. to be Ensign, vice John Castell.

39th Regiment of foot, Thomas O'Meara, Clerk, to be Chaplain, vice James Miller.

79th Regiment of foot, Ensign Henry Lane to be Lieutenant, vice William Jackson. Martin Legatt, Gent to be Ensign, vice Henry Lane.

83d Regiment of foot, John Baker, Gent. to be Ensign, vice Geo. Scott.

99th Regiment of foot, Captain-Lieutenant William Giles to be Captain, vice Joseph Smith Speer. Lieutenant Harry Percy Monck to be Captain-Lieutenant, vice William Giles. Ensign William Thatcher to be Lieutenant, vice Harry Percy Monck. Robert Rockfort, Gent. to be Ensign, vice William Thatcher. James Brindley, Clerk, to be Chaplain.

100th Regiment of foot, Ensign John M'Millan, of 51st foot to be Lieutenant. Adjutant James Fraser to be Ensign.

Sutherland Regiment of Fencible Men, Ensign George Sutherland to be Lieutenant, vice John Scobie. John Bennett, Gent. to be Ensign, vice George Sutherland.

Fencible Battalion of the Isle of Man, John Taubman, Esq; to be Captain of a company.

Earl Fanconberg's Regiment of foot, Charles Moll, Gent. to be Ensign, vice S. Watson.

Cinque Ports Corps, Ensign John Bradbury to be Lieutenant, vice Terry Sayer. — Wightman, Gent. to be Ensign, vice John Bradbury. Mate Robert Wightman, of West Middlesex militia, to be Surgeon, vice —— Virgil.

Thomas Smelt, Esq; to be Town Major of Portsmouth, vice Patrick Douglas.

Commission signed by his Majesty for the army in Ireland.

3d Regiment of horse (or Carabiniers) Cornet George Morris to be Lieutenant, vice John Taubman; by purchase. Dated June 29. 1780.

INTELLIGENCE FROM LLOYD'S, Jan. 9.

The Baltimore, Glafby, was well at St Lucia the 7th of Nov. and bading for London.

Portsmouth, 7. Arrived the Monsieur frigate from a cruise. This ship, with the Persus, have taken an outward-bound Dutch East-Indian, richly laden. Arrived also the Jubeleum, Newman, from Stettin to Bourdeaux, with deals, &c. prize to the Flying-fish cutter: And a lugger privateer, of 12 carriage guns, taken by the Nimble cutter.

The Britannia, Leitch, was blown out of Barbadoes in the late storm, and not since heard of.

The New Defence, from Baltimore, with 360 hogheads of tobacco, is taken and sent into St Kitts by the Hornet letter of marque, from Newfoundland.

The Friendship, Hucker, from Grenada to Amsterdam, is taken and carried into Tortola.

The Kite cutter has sent into Portland Roads a brig from Stockholm to Orient, with Birch and tar.

The Vertrouwen, — a Dutch prize, is taken and sent into Lynsbyton by the Rose cutter, Captain Wallis.

The D'Oly, Moulin, from Cadiz to Amsterdam, with indigo, coffee, wine, &c. is taken and brought into Portland Roads by the Waif cutter belonging to Folkstone.

The Norfolk, Grant, blown out from Barbadoes, is arrived at St Kitts: part of the cargo damaged.

The London, Whalley, from Milford to Dartmouth, is taken and carried into Brest.

A large Dutch galliot, from Cadiz to Amsterdam, with cotton, indigo, &c. is carried into Dartmouth by the Two Brothers privateer of Folkestone.

Portsmouth 8. His Majesty's ship Couragous has sent into this port the Minerre (a French ship of 32 guns, formerly taken from us) which he took in the Channel a few days-lier.

The Admiral Edwards, Ford, on the 10th ult. Fell in with a ship without a soul on board, Cape St Vincent's bearing N. N. W. distant about 9 or 10 leagues, which the took possession of, and has sent into Dartmouth; by her papers she appears to be the City of Nice, Capt. Ballastiere, from London to Nice.

The St Spindis, Bakker, from Smyrna to Amsterdam, is taken and brought into Plymouth.

The Anne, Macclue, from Quebec, to Barbadoes, was lost on the Isle of Orleans in the Gulf of St Lawrence.

Portsmouth, 5. Arrived the Vrow Antonia Elisabeth, Klaasen, from Cetze, for Amsterdam, with brandy, &c. St Peter, Kerthon, from Alicante, with raisins, &c. prize to the Flora frigate; and D'Hope, Janze, from Mahaga, with wine, &c. prize to the Daphne.

Plymouth, 5. Arrived the Four Sisters, Jansenny, from Toulon to Amsterdam, prize to the Brilliant Lugger; the Olivia, Spanish privateer, from Oporto, prize to the Oporto sloop; the Zeldenrust, Shodman, from Cijon, for Ostend; and the Resolution, from Boston, prizes to the Bune; and the Well Chapel, Guisbruch, from Curacao, for Middleburg, prize to the Endeavour privateer; the Rotterdam Packet from Marseilles, prize to the Champion; the Friendship, from Curacao, for Amsterdam, prize to the Hero.

The Newtown, Bride, from Tynemouth to Liverpool, is lost near Liverpool, only part of the ship's materials saved.

The Britannia, Carey, from London to New York, was taken by two French frigates, and carried into Martinico, and there lost in the hurricane.

The following vessels were on shore and lost at Granada, viz.

Ship Phoenix, Captain Neenings, belonging to Amsterdam, with 98 hds. of sugar, three hds. of coffee, and 40 bales of cotton, on shore, full of water, and one man drowned; the cotton saved.

Ship Comte de Durat, belonging to Peter Lamthe, lost.

Ship Anne Gertrude Marguerite, Capt. Trimp, in ballast, lost.

Ship Two Sisters, Capt. Touneau, of Bourdeaux, with 80 hds. of sugar, 15 hds. of coffee, all lost.

Ship Royal Goose, belonging to Capt. Lange, of this island, with 71 hds. of sugar, and 10 bags of coffee, on shore.

Ship Prince Frederick Adolph, Capt. Landstrom, of Stockholm, with 205 hds. of sugar, and 19 bales of cotton; the vessel lost, the cargo expected to be saved.

Ship Elizabeth Helena, Captain Bray, of Rotterdam; the main and fore chains, rails, mizen top-mast, jib-boom, &c. carried away, and boat stove.

Snow Abigail, Capt. Walker, of Amsterdam, with 20 hds. of sugar, and 50 bales of cotton, on shore, lost; the cargo is expected to be saved.

Snow Neptune, of Amsterdam, lost, with 30 hds. of sugar on board, which is expected to be saved.

Brig Three Friends, Capt. Lunbury, of St Eustatius, with 95 hds. of sugar; the vessel and cargo, lost, and two men killed.

A lopus from St Eustatius on shore and lost.

Schooner Roseau, Capt. Emely, the larboard-sids above the main-deck, boathire stove in and carried away, boat stove, &c.

Schooner Adonis, Capt. Richardson, belonging to Mr Jennings of St Eustatius, lost anchors and cables.

Ship Margaret, Capt. Godign, with 300 hogheads of sugar, and 45 bales of cotton, blown on the Zeipne at La Bay.

Ship Zewright, Capt. Anne Luikes, with 300 hogheads of sugar, on shore at Grand Poore, and totally lost.

From the London Papers, Jan. 9.

Hague, Jan. 2. On the 26th of last month the Prince Stadholder informed the assembly of the States-General, that last year he had communicated to the respective provinces, his opinion, that from 50 to 60 ships should be equipped, and the land forces augmented to 50,000 or 60,000 men.

That the frontier places be put in a proper state of defence, and the magazines provided with necessary ammunition, for the maintenance of the Republic in its lawful rights: That he had seen with pleasure the marine was put in some measure in a better state, and he flattered himself, that as we cannot be too much on our guard, the States of all the Provinces will reinforce it with redoubled ardour for the next year: That it was equally necessary for the Republic to be put into a convenient state of defence by land, and hoped, that they would seriously think of augmenting the fortifications, and providing the necessary magazines, and that the respective provinces will resolve on these measures, otherwise he could not answer for the consequences, and he considered it as his duty to lay before the eyes of the confederates the true situation of the Republic, that nothing may be imputed to him, as he had given timely precaution, in case the Republic should suffer any damage by neglect.

His Most Serene Highness having received the thanks of their High Mightinesses for his affious zeal and care for maintaining the State in the enjoyment of its liberty and independence, it was resolved, That what had just been proposed and represented be communicated to the respective Provinces; that his Most Serene Highness, animated by the purest love for his country, now insists, and with reason, considering that danger threatens, and war appears inevitable, that they unite all their efforts against the imminent danger, and thereby, conjointly with courage and prudence, preserve the Republic from it; that the marine is not yet sufficient to protect, in all its branches, our commerce, the source of the welfare of the State, and to cover, against all attacks, our possessions in the East and West Indies. From these motives their High Mightinesses are obliged to treat the confederates, in the most amicable and peaceful manner, to fix, as soon as possible, their attention on these objects, seeing that the storm arising at sea may very easily, by an unexpected turn, be carried to the continent, and consequently that an augmentation in the land forces is as necessary as in the marine: That therefore their High Mightinesses flatter themselves, that as the choice of peace or war is no longer in their power, the respective confederates will attempt every means to defend with union, energy, and cordiality, their dear country, with all that is precious and valuable therein.

LONDON.

Yesterday some dispatches were received at Lord G. Germain's office, from South Carolina, which were brought over in the Herculeus, Captain Buller, arrived at Torbay. This vessel sailed from Charlestown on the 28th of November, and, it is said, brings advice, that Lieutenant Colonel Tarleton, at the head of 500 men, had, by forced marches, come up with, and attacked the rebel Brigadier General Sumter, who took

post on an advantageous height, with 1000 rebel troops, 700 of which were killed on the spot. Sumpter himself was dangerously wounded, and but few of his army escaped from the fury of the British troops. Lord Cornwallis, it is said, had got back to Charlestown, when the above dispatches came away.

The following extract from the Carolina Gazette of Nov. 27, confirms the account respecting Lieutenant-Colonel Tarleton, inserted above: — "On the 20th of November, at a place called Wormbergh, Colonel Tarleton, with a legion of horse, consisting of one hundred and ninety, and eighty foot, belonging to a segment of regulars, making in the whole two hundred and seventy, by forced marches, came up with the rear of Sumpter's army, which he immediately engaged, and killed every man of them, then pursued the main body, which had taken post on a high hill near a town named Neurie; the Colonel, with his horse, soon drove them from their situation, killing great numbers of them. The Americans left their baggage, cannon, military-stores, and provision-waggons, and fled. The messenger who brought the above news said, that Colonel Tarleton had pursued them, and if the day light had continued long enough would have destroyed every man of them. Gen. Sumpter had one thousand men, and was much wounded in the flight."

Yesterday advice was received by a ship which ran it from Barbadoes that four ships arrived safe at that place from Halifax, laden with lumber and provisions, the 26th of October, which gave a comfortable relief to the inhabitants.

It is said the Thunderer man of war is safe arrived at Bath.

It was confidently asserted last night, that a gentleman near Cavendish-square had received a letter from his son on board the Thunderer, which, with the Stirling-Castle, were arrived at New-York.

A vessel arrived at Montego Bay a few days previous to the Alert cutter's sailing from Jamaica; the Captain of which says he saw the Thunderer man of war, Hon. R. B. Walmsley, within a few days sail of New-York. She was quite a wreck, being entirely dismasted, and her guns thrown overboard.

Yesterday morning a messenger was despatched from the Secretary of State's office, to his Majesty's minister at the court of Berlin, charged with matters of the greatest importance, in answer to the dispatches received on Friday evening.

A strong squadron is ordered for the Downs station, as the rupture with the Dutch renders it necessary to have as respectable a fleet there as at any period of the last war.

From Versailles we learn, that his Excellency the Dutch Ambassador applied to the Court on the 27th ult. for the assistance of several cruisers to be stationed on the coasts of the United States, by way of courtesy only, not making any formal requisition by order of their High Mightinesses, and that his request was complied with.

The capture of the two Dutch men of war is a most lucky circumstance at this crisis, not only as it increases our naval force in the same degree that it lessens that of our new enemy; but as they are vessels also which will be found particularly useful on the Dutch coast, on account of the easy draft of water they make.

As there are several British and Irish seamen constantly in the Dutch ships, we shall, by our numerous captures, obtain several seamen of that description, whose services are now particularly wanted.

They write from Pensacola, that a violent gale of wind had done a great deal of damage amongst the shipping in the Gulf of Mexico, and that amongst the ships lost were two Spanish men of war of 74 guns each.

The person apprehended as a spy on Friday evening, goes by the name of De la Motte, with the title of Baron annexed to it, and has for some time past resided at Mr Otley's, an eminent woollen draper in Bond Street, at a rent of one hundred pounds per annum. At the time the officers entered Mr Otley's house, the Baron was out of town, but had left a man servant in his apartments, who, together with every person in the house, was taken into a kind of temporary custody, no one being suffered to go out of the house, Mr Otley excepted. The Baron did not return till late on Friday evening, which was two days after the officers had been waiting for him; he came home in a post chaise; and, to prevent any suspicion arising, his own servant was permitted to open the door to him. Care was immediately taken to secure the doors; and at that instant his servant informed him he had been in custody for two days. On this information he endeavoured to destroy some papers which he had in his pockets, but was luckily prevented by one of the officers, who instantly seized him: A scuffle ensued, and had not there been more assistance, it is most

greatest part of their leisure and social hours. Into this society, it seems, Mr Letterlof found means to introduce himself, by taking a genteel house, and keeping a set of hunters. He received his intelligence from them in their hours of enjoyment and confidence; and by being on the most intimate and friendly footing, he had free access to all the magazines and store-rooms in the yard. The messenger, attended by Mr Clarke of the Public Office in Bowstreet, got to his house about seven o'clock in the morning, just as he was going to mount his horse to go a hunting. He shewed no sign of an embarrassment or fear; but staid his dress, and gave the messengers the keys of all his drawers and chests, with the utmost readiness and composure. His papers were all secured. There were ready cash and Bank notes in the letrure to the amount of about £1000. The notes which he had in his possession were all £1. notes, and those of Piquets were £5. notes; and what is singular, and serves to shew the communication, they were all drawn payable to the same person, and dated from the Bank on the same day. He was brought to town on Saturday evening, but too late to be examined that night. The box containing his papers was therefore locked up and sealed, and the key delivered to himself; and yesterday at two o'clock he was brought up to Lord Hillsborough's Office, where he underwent an examination of two hours and a half. The result of that examination we are not acquainted with, but he was delivered again into the custody of the messenger. He seemed himself to be confident that no proof could be brought of guilt against him from his papers.

It is said, that another messenger was, on Friday night, searched in search of a person in the neighbourhood of Plymouth, who was connected with the same party, but he is not yet turned.

Monsieur De la Motte, who was committed a close prisoner for High Treason, arrived at the Tower between eleven and twelve on Friday night. He is secured in the apartments which were occupied by Lord Ferrers; and the gate way in which Dr Cameron was confined, is already prepared for the reception of his friend and correspondent, Mr Letterlof, who resides near Portsmouth. Mons. De la Motte is a remarkable handsome man, middle aged, and about six feet high. He has said he is a brother to an Admiral of France. He wept much on Saturday, and is at present in extreme low spirits. But whether those tears flowed from the tender feelings of a husband and father, or from apprehensions of guilt, or from the terror impressed on his mind by a confinement in our Baile, cannot now be ascertained. His address and deportment denote him to be a man of quality.

Thursday last, a man, named Roger, and a Mrs Dobrey, (with whom he cohabited,) were apprehended at their lodgings in Greek-street, Soho square, in consequence of an information lodged against them, charging them with having conveyed various packets of intelligence to France, by way of Margate and Ostend. After a long examination, they were both committed to prison.

Another person, (a foreigner) was yesterday apprehended, on suspicion of a similar nature, and, after an examination before Lord Hillsborough, was committed.

It seems that De la Motte was under such trepidations, during his examination, that he gave the fullest discovery of his accomplices. The man and the wife, who were first apprehended, it is said, will be admitted as evidence for the Crown, and from them there will be the clearest proof of his having sent dispatches to the enemy.

Ministry are in hourly expectation of the arrival of a messenger who was sent to Plymouth in search of another of the people concerned in giving intelligence to the enemy.

The Secretary of one of our Admirals is taken up, being one of those concerned in conveying intelligence to the enemy, and connected with the people in custody. It will be no longer a mystery how the enemy became acquainted with our private signals.

EDINBURGH.

In our last, we had the pleasure of laying before our readers, a complete and authentic list of the Dutch navy, now in commission; their weight of metal, and commanders names; with a specific account of those now at home, or on foreign stations; also, the precise time of sailing of such of them as have been lately ordered abroad, with their particular destination. This important intelligence will not be found in any other paper published at so early a period.

In the hostilities now commenced with the Dutch, Ministry cannot be accused of temerity. We are well informed, that a naval Captain, high in the esteem of his country for bravery and professional knowledge, was employed to go to Holland in disguise, in order to make himself master of the situation of their dock-yards and shipping. This necessary and important piece of business he undertook, and happily accomplished to his utmost wish, without being discovered. He was in Holland a fortnight, where there was not a dock-yard or ship that he did not inspect with the utmost minuteness. Our readers may readily believe, that the report delivered by the Captain did not place the Dutch navy, or their abilities soon to encrease it, and put it on a respectable footing, in the most conspicuous point of view, as two days did not elapse after his arrival when the Manifesto against Holland made its appearance. Minority, therefore, may haul out as much as they please against a Dutch war; we are persuaded this country has nothing to fear from it, so long as proper officers are employed, and Lee-shore Admirals kept from the command of our fleets.

Extract of a letter from London, January 9.

"The Dutch, contrary to the expectation that were formed, have irrecoverably determined upon a war with Great Britain, the grand object of which is to humble the power of her navy, which the States say, have, for some time past, dictated to the rest of the world with an arrogance as unjust as it was insufferable. To this end, the House of Bourbon, it is said, mean to give every assistance in its power to Holland, and an invasion by the united forces of these three enemies is already threatened to be attempted against England in the Spring. The measure, however, should it be attempted, will hardly be suffered by the other powers of Europe.

Major Pieron, who is mentioned as killed by the Extraordinary Gazette, was a nephew to General Pieron, who commanded last year at Warley Camp, and second in command at Jersey.

"No account is yet received from Sir James Wallace, who is expected to be there by this time, as the wind has been fair ever since he sailed from Portsmouth.

"The expedition of the French against the Isle of Jersey, was of much greater extent than hath appeared; the spirited conduct of the troops on the island and militia having happily crushed it in the onset. An infinite number of troops, it appears, were ready for embarkation in Concale Bay, and it was intended, that after the first quota, which effected a landing on Saturday morning, had possessed themselves of the town of St Helier, and the landing places, that each night a reinforcement to a considerable amount should follow and be disembarked, till the whole number was so large as to have rendered all resistance fruitless. The capture of the Isle of Jersey was planned as a diversion, and intended to prevent this country from sending her navy to the relief of Gibraltar.

"Foul play is suspected on the part of some persons in trust on the Isle of Jersey. Certain it is, that the French had information from the island, when was the most likely moment for them to catch the garrison sapping.

"The spirited and valiant conduct of the Jerseymen on Saturday last, is a second instance of their loyalty to their Royal Master, their love of liberty, their zeal for their country's welfare, and their detestation of French Government, which is but another phrase for despotism and tyranny. By their successful efforts, France has again been baffled in their hostile attempts against the island, and has been taught that useful lesson in a war with Great Britain, that, in defence of liberty, every British subject becomes a soldier.

"By the above happy event, the patriots are silenced, and prevented from pouring out the torrent of abuse they were ready to open against Ministry, for the loss of Jersey.

"Mon. de Lestevenon de Berkende, Ambassador from the Republic of the United Provinces, notified at Paris, on the 29th of last month, that their High Mightinesses the States Generals had acceded to the convention of Armed Neutrality concluded between the northern powers. The French King gave an answer to the same, which is conformable in every respect to that given by his Majesty to the Courts of Russia, Denmark, and Sweden.

"Sir Joseph Yorke, Ambassador from the Court of Great Britain at the Hague, who, since his departure from that place, has resided at Antwerp, arrived at Brussels the 9th of this month, from which place he intends to return to Antwerp, and to wait for letters and fresh instructions from the British Ministry, and afterwards to return to Brussels, where he proposes to reside for some time. This may be depended upon from the best authority."

Lady Grant of Grant was this morning safely delivered of a daughter at Sir James Grant's house in the Canongate.

Captain John Row, of the 85th regiment, died at Kingston in Jamaica, upon the 29th September last.

Died, at his house in Ayr, on Monday the 8th current, William Duff, Esq; of Crombie, Advocate.

James Carnachan, Esq; of Hailsham, Clerk to the Signer, died here last night, very much regretted. It is hoped the relations of the family will be so good as accept of this as a proper notification of his death.

This day, died here, in an advanced age, John Ogilvie of Pockneave, Esq.

Yesterday, his Majesty's proclamation, for making reprisals against the Dutch, was read at the Cross with the usual formalities.

A melancholy accident happened on the 10th current near Newtonstewart:—One Henderson, an exciseman, having information that some smuggled goods were to pass the road between Newtonstewart and New-Galloway, about that time, went with a party of eight soldiers, and waylaid them at the Saddle-hill, a hill over which the road passes, about four miles from Newtonstewart. The smugglers made their appearance about one o'clock in the morning, with six horses laden with tea and spirits, and had made some progress up the hill; but not stopping, the moment they were ordered, or not hearing the order, the exciseman and party fired upon them, and shot Peter Macarthur, who was foremost, quite through the breast, who fell down and expired in a moment. This is the more affecting, as it is reported he did not belong to the smugglers, but was only the landlord of the house where they had lodged the night before, and was shewing them the road, as they were strangers to the country. He has left a wife and small family.—One load of the tea was only taken, the smugglers having made their escape with the rest. The exciseman and party passed by New-Galloway with the load taken, on the forenoon of the 10th.

The Neptune, Lang, from Clyde to Jamaica, and the Triton, Holmes, from ditto, to St Kitt's, were both taken the 22d December last, by the Tartar privateer of 30 guns and 200 men, Luke Ryan Commander. The Neptune is since recaptured by the Alarm and Veitah ingates, and is arrived at Ilfracombe.

Twenty-seven vessels, of various dimensions, were lying in the Carenage, Granada, when the late dreadful hurricane happened, 17 of which were lost, and the others greatly damaged. They were mostly Dutch, and loaded with sugar, cotton, and coffee.

The Ostrich sloop of war, convoy to the Leith trade from London, ran aground in Yarmouth Roads, and received so much damage, that she was obliged to return to Sheerness to refit.—The Oughton tender is arrived.—The remaining ships wait another convoy.

The Leith armed ship is arrived at Leith after convoying the fleet to London. She did not bring down the fleet for Leith, having no orders for that purpose.

Extract of a letter from Dublin, Jan. 6.

"The account published in the papers of the taking of the Tartar privateer by his Majesty's frigate the Stag, is entirely false, and took, probably, its rise from the Stag having, on her return from conveying the yacht with Lord Buckinghamshire on board, fallen in, in mid-Channel, with a Scots smuggler, furnished with a letter of marque, but on board of which a great quantity of brandy in anchors was found, commanded by Captain Nene. The Stag, after impressing all the crew to the number of forty, sent her for Liverpool. It is thought the will not be condemned, as she was not met within the prescribed distance of either the coast of Great Britain or Ireland.

"There is at this time in Dublin no less than three secretaries to Lord Lieutenants; a circumstance which never before happened in this kingdom. These are the Earl of Drogheada, Sir John Blaquier, and Sir Richard Heron.

"Thursday, Francis Kinclough, a combining journeyman tailor, was convicted before Aldermen Darragh and Sheil, for quitting the work of Mr Lee, before the time for which he was retained expired: He was ordered to Bridewell to hard labour, pursuant to act of Parliament.

"Yesterday, the Heart of Oak armed ship, Captain Richmond, with thirty sail of transports under convoy for Cork, sailed from our bay.

"Last week, died, near Ballynahinch, in the county of Down, Mr William Fergie; when he was put into the coffin he was weighed, the gross weight was about 600 cwt. so that allowance being made for the coffin, he could not be less than 40 stone."

Extract of a letter from Captain Henry Hewitt, of the Boreham revenue cutter, dated Castle Townshend, Dec. 29.

"About twelve o'clock last Friday, a frigate-built ship fired three guns, and brought to a vessel a little to the eastward of this harbour, supposed to be a Newfoundland-man that sailed from hence this morning; they both stood to sea together S. E. In about an hour afterwards, two ships, that I took to be frigates, came down along shore from the westward, going to the eastward, but as the weather was hazy, I do not think they saw the other vessels."

Extract of a letter from Antigua, Nov. 7.

"On Wednesday last, arrived a large Spanish snow, prize to the Basque cutter privateer, Captain Kennedy, fitted out at

Glasgow; the prize is loaded with soap, oil, olives, &c. when the snow left the privateer she was in chase of a large ship. The Captain of the prize claims the hull as Portuguese property, but allows the cargo to be Spanish."

Extract of a letter from a young Gentleman on board the Iris man of war, to his father in Edinburgh, dated Jan. 3.

"On our way to Portsmouth we fell in with and engaged a Dutch 64 gun ship; but, being short of our complement of seamen, and having no marines on board, were obliged to give up the engagement, after having damaged the enemy very much, and killed many of their men. Their Captain was wounded in the face. This we could plainly see, as we were yard arm and yard arm. We spoke to them before firing; indeed, they were very near aboard us. I was on the main deck in the heat of the action; for, after the first broadside, the Dutch struck their colours; upon which an universal huzzza called me from the Cockpit, and all our men ran from their quarters. The enemy, however, immediately again hoisted their colours, and fired upon us; but did very little damage. One man was slightly wounded in the leg; but our main brace being shot away, we could not back our main-sail and top-sails, so as to lie to again; and, running a-head, soon lost sight of her. Our Captain and crew behaved with great bravery and spirit. Before the engagement, we captured a Dutch ship loaded with tobacco, but as it was in sight of many other men of war, our share of prize-money will be very trifling."

Thursday next, the 18th instant, being appointed for celebrating her Majesty's Birth-day, there will be An ASSEMBLY, beginning at Seven o'clock in the evening, and to continue weekly during the season.

Tickets to be had at Mr Richardson's shop in the Exchange, and at Mr Spankie's (late Mr Mercer's) shop, opposite to the Tron Church.

The Monthly Meeting of the Lodge of LEITH KILWINNING, which ought to have been held last Monday, was, on account of the Mason Play, postponed till Monday next the 15th current, to meet at the Lodge at Lariston's at Six o'clock in the evening, of which the Brethren in Edinburgh and Leith will please to take notice.—This Lodge will continue to meet as formerly, on the Second Monday of the month.

LEITH SHIPPI NG, Jan. 10-11.

ARRIVED,

Betsey, Henderson, from Alloa, with coals.
Elizabeth, Turcan, Kincardine, with ditto.
And the Leith armed ship.
Swift, Wishart, from Stornoway, with herring.
Nelly, Vitre, from Montrose, with grain.
Mary, Graham, from Aberdeen, with goods.
And a few vessels with coal.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, GREENOCK.

ARRIVED,

Jan. 9. Greenock, M'Kulay, from Liverpool, with bark.
Glasgow, Porter, from ditto, with goods.
Betsey, Ritchie, from ditto, with goods.
Four busses from the Isle, with herrings.
10. Betsey, Hunter, from St Kitt's, with sugar and rum.
Spooner, Barbour, from ditto, with ditto.
Three busses from the Isle, with herrings.
SAILING,

8. Peggy, Anderson, for Drogheda, with coals.
Happy Return, Holmes, for Irvine, in ballast.
Peggy, Lamont, for Belfast, with goods.
10. Argyle, Campbell, for Dublin, with ditto.
Rachel, Sheddian, for Drogheda, with coal.
Nancy, Leitch, for Belfast, with goods.

At LONDON for LEITH.

The KING GEORGE,
JAMES BOYD Master,

is now loading at Hawley's Wharf, near the Hermitage Bridge, and will sail with the first convoy.

AT LONDON FOR LEITH.

The FRIENDSHIP,
DONALD DENON Master,

*For GEORGE RITCHIE,
Lying at Horne's Wharf, taking in goods for Edinburgh, Leith, and all places adjacent to the firth of Forth, and will sail with the first convoy.*

AT LONDON FOR LEITH.

THE LOVELY MARY,
WILLIAM BEATSON Master,

Now lying at Hawley and Down's Wharf, near the Hermitage Bridge, taking in goods, and will sail with the first convoy.

The above ship has neat accommodation for passengers, and the best of usage may be depended on.

Letters on business, directed to the Master, at the Edinburgh Coffee-house, No. 1. Swinthe's Alley, will be properly attended to.

AT LEITH FOR LONDON,

THE Ship WILLIAM, WILLIAM ROXBURGH Commander,

is ready to take in goods, and will sail the 20th instant, with or without convoy. The William mounts 6 twelve-pounders, besides small arms, and fights under close quarters; has very good accommodation for passengers.

For freight or passage apply to Captain Roxburgh on board, or William Robertson, Leith.

AT LONDON FOR LEITH,

The NELLY

ANDREW ROBERTSON Commander,

IS lying at Glasgow Wharf, taking in goods for Leith, and will sail the 27th current, with or without convoy.

Apply to the Captain on board.

To be SOLD by public roup within the Exchange coffeehouse, Edinburgh, upon Wednesday the 24th of January 1781, betwixt the hours of six and seven afternoon, the HOUSES following, viz.

I. The DWELLING-HOUSE, being the third storey of the tenement of land commonly called Wood's Land, lying in Chapel Street, consisting of three rooms and a kitchen, besides cellars, and other conveniences, as presently possessed by Mr Dickie.

II. The DWELLING-HOUSE adjoining to the above, consisting of two rooms, besides kitchen, &c. as presently possessed by Mr. Ley.

N. B. These two houses are so fitted up, that they could easily be converted into one lodging.

III. The DWELLING-HOUSE in Ramsay's land, Flesh-market Close, at the head of the Canongate, consisting of three rooms, besides cellars, &c. as possessed by Mr. Ferguson.

The title-deeds and articles of roup of the above subjects, will be seen in the hands of James Walker writer to the signet.

MUNDELL's SCHOLARS.

THE Anniversary Meeting of the Noblemen and Gentlemen educated at the late Mr Mundell's school, is to be this year in Fortune's, at the Cross Keys Tavern, on Saturday the 20th January. Dinner on the table at three o'clock.

JANUARY 23 1781.

THE Trustees for the Creditors of SAMUEL HUNTER, late merchant in Leslie, being now ready to divide the funds, require all the creditors to lodge notes of their debts, and vouchers, and oaths of verity thereon, with David Halkeston merchant in Falkland, or Beveridge and Bogie merchants in Kirkaldy, the trustees, betwixt and the 15th February next; with certification that the division will be then made, and such of the creditors as neglect, will be cut out of their proportion of said funds.

Not to be repeated.

NOTICE.

To the CREDITORS of ALEXANDER DAVIE, late Baker at Thornhill, now in Glasgow.

THAT his Trustees having now recovered the greatest part of his funds, are ready to divide the same amongst his Creditors; they hereby require the whole creditors to lodge their claims and grounds of debt, with the oaths of verity thereon, with John Burn, Commissary clerk of Stirling their agent, and that within three weeks of this date; certifying such as fail to do so, that they will get no part of the dividend then to be made.

Not to be repeated.

To be SOLD, and entered to at Whitsunday next,

THE DWELLING HOUSE in the second storey of Macconochie's land, in the Society, possessed by Mr Fairholm. The house consists of a good dining-room and drawing-room, and three bed-rooms, with two light closets; also two cellars, a garret, and several other conveniences.

To be seen on Tuesday and Friday, between the hours of twelve and two.

For further particulars apply to James Walker writer to the signet.

To be SOLD by private Bargain,

THAT SHOP on the north side of the Lucifer-booths, possessed by Mr Francis Marshall. Also,

The SHOP, DWELLING-HOUSE, and two cellars adjacent thereto, possessed by Messrs. Armour and Hamilton.

And that large and commodious HOUSE in the north-west corner of the Exchange, possessed by Mr Peter Forrester, and cellar entering from the kitchen, in which is a water pipe.

The premises will be shown by the tenants; and for further particulars apply to William Findlayson writer in Edinburgh.

To be SOLD by public roup, within the Exchange Coffee-house, Edinburgh, upon Tuesday the 23d day of January 1781, betwixt the hours of 6 and 7 afternoon.

That DWELLING-HOUSE, lying on the Harbour of Leith, presently possessed by James Scott watchmaker, with the whole pertinents of the same. Also,

That DWELLING-HOUSE, being the fourth storey of the eastern half of the great building, commonly called "The Mercat Market Land," consisting of three rooms, besides kitchen, and several other conveniences, all as possessed by William Robertson printer.

The title-deeds and articles of roup to be seen in the hands of James Walker writer to the signet.

To be SOLD by public roup, within the Exchange Coffee-house, Edinburgh, upon Wednesday the 24th day of January current, betwixt the hours of four and five afternoon.

That DWELLING-HOUSE, being the third storey of the Tenement of Land lying at the head of Cant's close, Edinburgh, and fronting the High street, consisting of four rooms, a kitchen, cellar, and other conveniences, as presently possessed by Mr Pattison.

The articles of sale and progress of wris are to be seen in the hands of James Walker writer to the signet.

To be LET for nineteen years, and entered to at Whitsunday next,

THE Lands of MAINS, in the parish of Chirnside, and shire of Berwick, in the possession of John Mow, Esq. of Mains, the proprietor. The lands are of excellent quality, and well appointed for improvement, and markets, lying near coal and lime, and the sea-port town of Blyth and Berwick.

James Clark overseer at Mains will show the ground. Persons intending to deal for the farm, may apply to Thomas Cockburn writer to the signet, who has full power to bargain.

Not to be repeated.

SALE OF LANDS IN EAST LOTHIAN.

To be SOLD by public voluntary roup, within the Exchange coffee-house, Edinburgh, on Wednesday the 7th of March 1781, betwixt the hours of five and six afternoon.

The Lands and Estate of ST GERMAINS, comprehending the lands of St Germain, Chelthall and Greendykes, lying within the parishes of Tranent and Gladsmuir, confabulary of Haddington, and shire of Edinburgh. The estate consists of full 400 acres of exceeding good arable land, all inclosed and subdivided, partly with stone walls, and partly with hedge and ditch; and there is a field of coal in the ground, of three seams, which may be wrought to great advantage. The lands are pleasantly situated in a fine country, eleven miles east of Edinburgh, five from Haddington, and two from Prestonpans, command an extensive prospect of the firth and opposite coast of Fife, and are in the near neighbourhood of plenty of lime. A considerable part were in the proprietor's natural possession, in high cultivation, and may be entered to immediately after the sale, the rest were let to substantial tenants. Putting moderate value on the grounds in the proprietor's possession, the free yearly rent amounts to about 383 l. Sterling, and the lands are valued in the cens-books, Haddington shire, at 698 l. 17s. 3 d. Scots.

There is an exceeding good substantial mansion-house on the estate, lately repaired, which may accommodate a large family, and suitable offices, all in good repair; a remarkable fine garden of two acres, with walls studded with fruit trees of the best kinds, and a hot-house furnished with vines and pines. There is also melon and cucumber ground, a pigeon-house, porter's lodge, &c.

The lands will be exposed at the upset price of 10,000 l.

The place is in complete order, and done up with great taste.

The title-deeds, articles of sale, a plan and measurement of the lands, may be seen in the hands of William Ramsay clerk to the signet, to whom any person inclining to purchase by private bargain may apply.

To be SOLD, by roup, within the Exchange Coffee-house of Edinburgh, on Wednesday the 24th January 1781, betwixt the hours of 5 and 7 afternoon.

The Lands and Barony of FAIRNALIE, and Lands of BUCKHOLM, WILLIAM LAW, and LADHOPMUIR, lying in the parishes of Galashiels and Melrose, and baronies of Selkirk and Roxburgh respectively.

The estate pays in whole of gross rent 565 l. Sterling. It holds of the Crown, except the lands of William Law and Ladhopmuir, which hold of the Duke of Buccleugh, and the proprietor has right to his teinds.

There is a good commodious house upon Fairnali. It is pleasantly situated on the banks of the river Tweed, near the great turnpike-road from Edinburgh to Selkirk, and there is a great deal of fine thriving wood upon the estate.

If this estate does not sell in course, the lands of Buckholm, William Law, and Ladhop, paying of yearly rent 325 l. will be exposed separately.

For further particulars, enquire at Alexander Farquharson accountant in Edinburgh, or Samuel Mitchelson clerk to the signet, Carrubber's Close, who will shew the progress of wris, and the rental, with the conditions of sale.

EDINBURGH: Printed for and by JOHN ROBERTSON, and sold at his Printing-house in the PARLIAMENT-CLOSE, where ADVERTISEMENTS and SUBSCRIPTIONS are taken in this city or suburbs; 37. 6d. when called for at the Printing-house; and a single paper 3d.

Judicial Sale of Lands in Berwickshire.

FURTHER ADJOURNED.

THE Sale of the LANDS of LEETSIDE and HILTON-MYRE-SIDE, which was advertised to have been on the 4th of January current, is Further Adjourned to Wednesday the 7th day of March next.

To be SOLD by public roup within the Exchange coffeehouse, Edinburgh, upon Wednesday the 24th of January 1781, between the hours of six and seven afternoon.

That DWELLING HOUSE in PATERSON'S COURT, being the eastmost house in the fourth story of the back court, entering by the scale stair, presently possessed by Mr Lighton merchant, and consisting of a handsome dining-room, with an apartment for a concealed bed, a bed-room with two light closets, and a concealed bed-apartment, another bed-room with a closet, a convenient kitchen, a pantry, two pantries in the trance, and a cellar at the bottom of the stair. The whole house is extremely well lighted, and the dining-room commands an extensive prospect of the firth of Forth, and the country adjacent.

The articles of roup, and progress of wris, to be seen in the hands of James Walker writer to the signet.

A HOUSE TO SELL.

To be SOLD by public voluntary roup, within John's coffeehouse in Edinburgh, upon Wednesday the 17th day of January current, betwixt the hours of five and six afternoon.

I hat DWELLING-HOUSE presently possessed by Mr David Shepard merchant, consisting of four rooms and a kitchen, with other conveniences, all well lighted, situated at the head of Carrubber's close, upon the east side thereof, with an easy access, by a few steps off the close. The house may be seen all lawful days, betwixt twelve and two.

For further particulars apply to Walter Scott clerk to the signet, who will show the articles of roup and progress of wris, and who has power to conclude a private bargain.

To be SOLD by auction, within John's Coffee-house, Edinburgh, upon Tuesday the 16th of January 1781, between four and five o'clock afternoon.

THE HOUSE near the foot of Forrester's Wynd, Edinburgh, presently possessed by Mrs Archer, with the cellar thereto belonging: And another smaller HOUSE, immediately below Mrs Archer's.

These subjects have a well inclosed area, which may be built upon to a certain height, a good separate entry from Bells wynd, a total immunity from the burden of the roof, and various other advantages and conveniences, which will appear to people who take the trouble of looking at them.

For further particulars, apply to George Forbes writer, Fairholm's Close, Edinburgh, who is authorized to conclude a private agreement.

To be SOLD by public roup, within the Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, upon Monday the 29th of January 1781, betwixt the hours of five and six afternoon.

The HOUSE lately possessed by Colonel Mure-Campbell, fronting the green avenue leading from the city of Edinburgh through Hope Park, with the offices, garden, and little park belonging thereto. The house is well supplied with water by a pipe in the kitchen; and the offices contain coach-house, stables, and many conveniences. There is good access for carriages by the road at the back of the house. The avenue to the house, with the kitchen, and flower-garden, and small park, contain about two Scots acres.

If the house is not sold it will be let either with or without the furniture.

The subject will be shown by calling at the house; and the articles of roup and writings will be seen in the hands of James Walker writer to the signet.

To be SOLD by public roup, within the Exchange Coffee-house Edinburgh, upon Wednesday the 24th day of January 1781, betwixt the hours of 4 and 5 afternoon.

1. **THAT SHOP** in the Tenement of Land in Nicolson's Park lately built by James Reikie Wright, and presently possessed by Daniel Anderson carver, and likewise the Dwelling-house on the pound storey of the said tenement, possessed by Mrs Brown.

2. The Dwelling-house in the first storey thereof presently possessed by Mrs White.

3. And likewise that Dwelling-house in the 2d storey, lately possessed by Mrs Stewart.

The premises will be shown by the tenants; and for further particulars apply to James Walker writer to the signet, in whose hands the articles of roup and title-deeds are to be seen.

To be SOLD by public roup, upon Monday the 22d day of January current, between the hours of five and seven o'clock afternoon, within the British Coffeehouse.

The DWELLING HOUSE, GARDEN, and OFFICES, at Avenue Head, presently possessed by Mr Kinloch; together with the Under or Lower Park, either separately or along with the said dwelling-house, garden, and offices; being part of the subjects which belonged to the deceased Robert Barclay.

For particulars, apply to Thomas Macdonald writer to the signet, or William Sprott Solicitor at Law.

To be SOLD by public voluntary roup, within the British Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, on Thursday the 25th day of January current, betwixt the hours of four and six afternoon.

The following SUBJECTS, the property of Robert Bruce Slater in Edinburgh, disposed by him to Robert Foord merchant there, as Trustee for his Creditors; the subjects to be set up in the following Lots:

LOT I. A HOUSE, consisting of five rooms, kitchen, and closets, being the first storey of that new-built Tenement of Land fronting the Cowgate, on the north side thereof, entering within the foot of Stevelaw's Close, rent 12 l. Upset price 120 0 0

II. A HOUSE of four rooms, kitchen, and closet, being part of the third storey of said land, possessed by Mr Scrimgeour, rent 12 l. Upset price 120 0 0

III. A HOUSE of two rooms, kitchen, and closets, being the other part of the said third storey, presently possessed by Miss Bald and Law, rent 8 l. Upset price 80 0 0

IV. A HOUSE of four rooms, kitchen and closets, being part of the 4th storey of the said land, rent 12 l. Upset price 120 0 0

V. A HOUSE of two rooms, kitchen, and closets, being the other part of the said 4th storey of said land, possessed by Mr Edmonstone, rent 8 l. Upset price 80 0 0

VI. A HOUSE of two rooms, kitchen, and closets, in the top, or garret, storey of said land, possessed by Mr Kerr, rent 5 l. 5 s. Upset price 42 0 0

VII. Three Small GARRET ROOMS in said land, possessed by sundries, rent 6 l. Upset price 48 0 0

VIII. A HOUSE, being the first storey of a back land, immediately adjoining to the front tenement before described, entering from the clove, consisting of two rooms, kitchen, closets, and cellar, presently possessed by Mrs Bunyon and Daniel Haugh, rent 4 l. 12 s. 6 d. Upset price 37 0 0

IX. A HOUSE, part of the 3d storey of said back land, consisting of two rooms, kitchen, closets, and cellar, rent 4 l. Upset price 32 0 0

X. A HOUSE, consisting of a room, kitchen, and closets, being the other part of the said 3d storey, presently possessed by Mr M'Arthur, rent 5 l. 10 s. Upset price 20 0 0

L. 699 0 0

The progress of wris and articles of roup to be seen in the hands of John Peat writer in Edinburgh, or Robert Foord the trustee; and the subjects may be viewed any day before the sale.

To be SOLD, and entered to at Whitsunday next,

THAT HOUSE in St Andrew's Street, New Town, presently possessed by Dr Robert Langlands, consisting of an excellent dining-room, drawing-room, parlour, and kitchen, upon the first floor; and upstairs, three good bed rooms, three light closets, and many other conveniences proper for the accommodation of a large family. There are also two cellars belonging to the house.

For further particulars, such as incline to purchase, may apply to Horatio Cannon, writer in Edinburgh, who has powers to conclude a bargain.

HOUSE and GARDEN, etc. in Cupar Fife.

To be SOLD by public roup, within John's Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, upon Wednesday the 17th day of January current, 1781, betwixt the hours of five and six afternoon.

A neat and commodious HOUSE, fit to accommodate a gente family, situated near the West Port of the town of Cupar in Fife, and finished in the modern taste a few years ago, by the late Provost Baxter, consisting of a fore and back parlour, kitchen, pantry, scullery, and cellar in the ground floor;—a large and elegant drawing-room, with bed-room, and bed-closets, &c. on the first floor;—three excellent bed-rooms, with three closets, on the second floor;—with a large room above, and room off it.

The house is perfectly free from smoke, is very dry and warm, having a south aspect, with low windows, was all lathed and plastered in the inside over the walls before it was finished with paper, and lies disengaged to any other house.

There is a parterre with flowering shrubry before the house; and behind it is a large court, with good stable, coach-house, large hay-loft, brew-house, cow-house, and pump-well of good water, and many other conveniences, all well lighted, situated at the head of Carrubber's close, upon the east side thereof, with an easy access, by a few steps off the close.—The house may be seen all lawful days, betwixt twelve and two.

The house may be seen every forenoon.

There is a copy of the articles of roup, with the inventory of the title-deeds, in the hands of Mr Robert Stark writer in Cupar; and the articles themselves and progress are in the hands of James Kettle writer in Edinburgh, both of whom will inform as to other particulars, and have powers to conclude a private bargain any time before the sale.

BY ADJOURNMENT.

To be SOLD by public roup or auction, within the Exchange Coffeehouse Edinburgh, on Thursday the 1st February 1781, betwixt the hours of five and seven afternoon.

1. The Lands and Estate of DRUMPELLIER, LANGLOAN, COATS, BLAIRS, and CALDYKE, consisting of 600 English acres, or thereabouts, lying in the parish of Old Monkland, and county of Lanark, seven miles eastward of Glasgow, on a turnpike road always kept in good repair; to be exposed at 10,000 l. Sterling.

This estate holds of the Crown, and entitles the proprietor to a freehold qualification in the county. It is all inclosed and subdivided, and above 100 acres is planted with thriving trees of different kinds, partly divided with serpentine walks and beech hedges.

There is an excellent modern mansion-house on this estate, of 15 rooms, a good kitchen, large stables and offices almost new, and every other accommodation for a gentleman's family. The house is pleasantly situated, commanding an extensive prospect; and the policies and gardens around it are elegantly laid out, and well kept.

The whole grounds abound with thick seams of coal lying near the surface, easily wrought, and cheaply conveyed towards Glasgow by the Monkland Canal, which traverses the estate. Two coal-works are opened, and now carrying on with great success, and two more are ready for working; so the coal must soon yield a great annual profit to the proprietor. There is also a fine free-stone quarry in the estate.